

## 1 - THE BOOKS OF THE LAW & EXODUS

### I. The Nature of the Books of the Law

- This is part of the first section of the Hebrew canon called "\_\_\_\_\_".
- This section in the Septuagint is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- After Genesis each book begins with \_\_\_\_\_.
- Genesis-Deuteronomy is a continuous account by Moses concerning \_\_\_\_\_.

### II. The Book of Exodus

#### A. The Title

- In Hebrew it is the first word of the book, "\_\_\_\_\_."
- From the Septuagint translation it means "\_\_\_\_\_."
- In the Latin Vulgate of Jerome it is "\_\_\_\_\_."

#### B. Date

- The date of the Exodus is in the 13th century B.C. (ca. 1290) during \_\_\_\_\_.

#### C. General Observations

- It continues the history begun in \_\_\_\_\_.
- It documents the development of the chosen family into \_\_\_\_\_.
- Though they are enslaved in Egypt, they will possess \_\_\_\_\_.
- It records the covenant laws at \_\_\_\_\_.
- It documents God's great acts of love and mercy toward Israel, which were \_\_\_\_\_.
- God's dealing with Pharaoh shows the balance between \_\_\_\_\_.
- Exodus is the link between the origin of Israel and the beginning of \_\_\_\_\_.
- The Book of Exodus stresses \_\_\_\_\_.

#### D. Outline of the Book

# God, His People & the Messiah: A Survey of Old Testament

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- Exodus can be divided into three main sections: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 1:1-12:36

a. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 1

b. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 2-4

c. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 5-11

d. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 12:1-30

e. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 12:31-36

2. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 12:37-18:27

a. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 12:37-15:21

b. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 15:22-17:16

c. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 18

3. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 19-40

a. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 19-24

b. \_\_\_\_\_ - Exodus 25-40