

LESSON 10
THE ENCOURAGEMENT
HEBREWS 6:9-20

I. Affirmation (6:9-12)

A. The writer's perspective (6:9)

1. His confidence (6:9a)

- The writer refers to his readers with the affectionate term "_____."
- He states that he is confident that they are _____.

Scripture **Philippians 1:6**

2. Better things (6:9b)

- He refers to the better things as _____.
- This is in spite of the fact that he had to _____.

B. Concerning God (6:10)

- He stresses that God is _____ with his people.
- God will not forget _____.

C. The writer's desire (6:11-12)

- The writer expresses that each of them will be diligent in _____.
- Service is rendered because of _____ that all believers have.
- The writer expresses that they do not _____.
- Rather, they are to those who endure until _____.

II. The Example of Abraham (6:13-20)

A. The promise to Abraham (6:13-14)

- The writer provides an illustration of his point through _____.
- When God made a promise to Abraham, he swore it by _____.
- He promised Abraham that he would _____.

B. The promise fulfilled (6:15)

- After Abraham patiently waited, he _____.

C. The nature of God's oath (6:16-18)

1. An oath is binding (6:16)

- Men swear oaths by a higher authority, which _____.

2. The purpose of God's oath (6:17)

- God made the oath in order to show the heirs of the promise that _____.

3. God's oath (6:18)

- God gave us _____.

- They are unchangeable because _____.

- We can be courageous, because we hold unto the hope before us with _____.

D. Our hope (6:19-20)

1. As an anchor (6:19a)

- We have this hope as a anchor of soul which is _____.

2. Enters the Presence (6:19b-20)

a. The location (6:19b)

- This hope enters _____ behind the veil.

b. The forerunner (6:20)

- It is here that Jesus entered before us on _____.

- Jesus has become _____, according to the order of Melchizedek.